THE BANK OF AZAD JAMMU AND KASHMIR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED December 31, 2019

# Deloitte.

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BANK OF AZAD JAMMU AND KASHMIR

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the Bank of Azad Jammu and Kashmir (the Bank), which comprise statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Bank as at December 31, 2019 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Bank of Azad Jammu and Kashmir Act, 2005 (the Act) and its Bye-Laws 2007 (the Bye-Laws).

# **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Pakistan and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with the requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's report theron

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is

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a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Act and the Bye-Laws, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intend to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
  The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
  one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.

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- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
  accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty
  exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability
  to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are
  required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial
  statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions
  are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However,
  future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Shahzad Ali.

Chartered Accountants

Islamabad

Date: 2 9 JUL 2020

# THE BANK OF AZAD JAMMU AND KASHMIR STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Note	2019 Rupees	2018
ASSETS	11010	Rupood	
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions	5 6	3,005,671 7,308,507	2,305,587 7,101,072
Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets	7 8 9	178,401 2,036,826 238,881	175,869 2,028,938 130,195
Deferred tax assets Other assets	10 11	22,426 775,623 13,566,335	20,930 648,751 12,411,342
LIABILITIES			
Bills payable Borrowings	12	21,148	19,582
Deposits and other accounts Liabilities against right of use assets Subordinated debt	13 14	11,873,535 122,388	11,063,203
Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities	15	322,201 12,339,272	174,969 11,257,754
NET ASSETS		1,227,063	1,153,588
REPRESENTED BY			
Share capital Reserves	16	1,027,192	933,811
Deficit on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit	17	(17,289) 217,161	238,712
	_	1,227,063	1,153,588
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	18		

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

President

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Director

# THE BANK OF AZAD JAMMU AND KASHMIR PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	*	Note	2019 Rupees i	2018 n <b>'000</b>
	Mark-up / return / interest earned Mark-up / return / interest expensed Net mark-up / interest income	19 20 _	1,279,455 702,719 576,736	935,967 385,101 550,866
	NON MARK-UP / INTEREST INCOME			
	Fee and commission income Dividend income Foreign exchange income Income from derivatives Gain on securities	21	16,234 8,107 - - -	14,999 3,939 - - -
	Other income Total non-markup/ interest income	22	3,051 <u>27,392</u>	2,751 21,689
	Total income		604,128	572,555
	NON MARK-UP / INTEREST EXPENSES			
	Operating expenses Workers welfare fund Other charges Total non-markup / interest expenses	23	470,061 - 470,061	421,995 - - 421,995
	Profit before provisions Provisions and write offs - net Extra ordinary / unusual items PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	24 -	134,066 8,665 - 125,401	150,560 (22,053) - 172,613
	Taxation	25	(53,572)	(72,720)
	PROFIT AFTER TAXATION	-	71,830	99,893
			Rupe	es Restated
	Basic and diluted earnings per share	26	0.70	0.97
Ø	The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statement	ts.		
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President

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Director

# THE BANK OF AZAD JAMMU AND KASHMIR STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

2019 2018 ----Rupees in '000--

Profit after taxation for the year

71,830

99,893

# OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods

Movement in surplus/ (deficit) on revaluation of investments - net Related deferred tax (expense)/credit

	2,532 (886)	(14,675)
- 1	(886)	5,136
	1,646	(9,539)
*	73,475	90,354

Total comprehensive income

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

# THE BANK OF AZAD JAMMU AND KASHMIR STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Share capital	Surplus / (deficit) on revaluation	Unappropriated Profit	Total
		Ru	pees in '000	
Balance as at Januray 01, 2018	848,919	(9,396)	223,711	1,063,234
Profit after taxation for the year ended December 31, 2018	· -	_	99,893	99,893
Other comprehensive income				
Deficit on revaluation of available-for-sale securities - net of tax	-	(9,539)	, , , · · ·	(9,539)
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity	•			
Issue of bonus shares - note 16.5	84,892	-	(84,892)	-
Closing balance as at December 31, 2018	933,811	(18,935)	238,712	1,153,588
Profit after taxation for the year ended December 31, 2019	, °	-	71,830	71,830
Other comprehensive income				
Deficit on revaluation of available-for-sale securities - net of tax	-	1,646		1,646
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity				
Issue of bonus shares - note 16.5	93,381		(93,381)	
Closing balance as at December 31, 2019	1,027,192	(17,289)	217,161	1,227,063

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

President

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Director

# THE BANK OF AZAD JAMMU AND KASHMIR CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		2019	2018
*	Note	Rupees	in '000
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation			
Less: Dividend income		125,401	172,613
2000. Dividend moonle		(8,107)	(3,939)
Adjustments:		117,294	168,674
Depreciation		F0.000	
Provision and write-offs		56,269	24,789
Interest expense on lease liability		11,665	(22,053)
Gain on sale of fixed assets		(14,919)	- (0)
		52,993	(9)
		170,288	<u>2,727</u> 171,401
(Increase)/ decrease in operating assets		170,200	171,401
Advances		(19,553)	385,327
Others assets (excluding advance taxation)		(140,357)	(199,819)
		(159,910)	185,508
Increase/ (decrease) in operating liabilities			.00,000
Bills payable Deposits		1,566	(12,226)
Other liabilities (excluding current taxation)		810,332	1,515,988
Other habilities (excidding current taxation)		155,714	7,897
		967,612	1,511,659
		977,990	1,868,568
interest paid on lease liability		14,919	
Income tax paid		(64,436)	(81,359)
Net cash generated from operating activities		928,473	1,787,209
		* 7.	
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Net investments in available-for-sale securities		-	(50,000)
Net proceeds from placements with backs		- "	199,247
Net proceeds from placements with banks Dividend income received		(2,983,777)	(1,528,100)
Investments in operating fixed assets		8,107	3,939
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	ŕ	(13,589)	(38,019)
Net cash generated from investing activities		22	104
6 *		(2,989,237)	(1,412,829)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			4
Issue of share capital	ſ	-	-
Principal paid against lease liability		(15,493)	-
Dividend paid	1	-	-
Net cash used in financing activities		(15,493)	-
decrease in cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		(2,076,258)	374,380
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	^-	3,921,559	3,547,179
and out equivalents at end of the year	27	1,845,301	3,921,559
The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of those financial			

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President

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Director

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# THE BANK OF AZAD JAMMU AND KASHMIR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# 1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Bank of Azad Jammu and Kashmir (the Bank) a public unlisted Bank was incorporated in 2006 under the Bank of Azad Jammu and Kashmir Act, 2005 (the Act) and is principally engaged in commercial banking and related services as a non-scheduled bank in Azad Jammu and Kashmir State. The registered office of the Bank is situated at Bank Square, Chatter, Muzaffarabad, Azad Jammu and Kashmir. The Government of Azad Jammu and Kashmir holds directly and indirectly Bank's entire share capital.

The Bank has 70 branches (2018: 70 branches) in Azad Jammu and Kashmir.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These financial statements have been presented in accordance with the requirements of format prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan's BPRD Circular No 02 dated January 25, 2018, the Act and its Bye-Laws 2007 (the Bye-Laws).

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Bank operates. The financial statements are presented in Pak Rupee, which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of rupees unless otherwise stated.

#### 2.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Act, its bye laws and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as applicable for banking companies in Pakistan, Provisions of and directives issued under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Act and Directive issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP).

Where the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, or the directives issued by the SBP differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance and the said directives shall prevail.

SBP has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard 40, 'Investment Property' for Banking Companies through BSD Circular Letter No. 10 dated August 26, 2002. Further, according to the notification of SECP dated April 28, 2008, the IFRS - 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" has not been made applicable for banks. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these financial statements. However, investments have been classified and valued in accordance with the requirements of various circulars issued by the SBP.

The SECP, through SRO 220(I)/2019 dated February 14, 2019, has notified that IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, is applicable for accounting periods ending on or after June 30, 2019. However, based on the guidance received from the SBP, the requirements of IFRS 9 have not been considered. However, bank is required to submit their pro-forma financial statements based on IFRS-9 to SBP.

The SECP vide SRO 56 (1) / 2016 dated January 28, 2016, has notified that the requirements of IFRS 10 (Consolidated Financial Statements) and section 228 of the Companies Act, 2017 will not be applicable with respect to the investment in mutual funds established under trust structure.

2.2 New accounting standards / amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended December 31, 2019

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are effective for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Effective from accounting period beginning

- IFRS 16 'Leases': This standard will supersede IAS 17 'Leases', IFRIC 4, SIC 15 and January 01, 2019 SIC 27 upon its effective date. ( Note 4.1)
- IFRS 15 'Revenue': This standard will supersede IAS 11 'Construction Contracts', January 01, 2019 IAS 18 'Revenue' and related interpretations.

Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to customers. The adoption of IFRS 15 does not have any material impact on the financial statements of the Bank.

Other standards, interpretations and the amendments that are either not relevant to the Bank's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Bank's financial statements are given below:

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after

- Amendments to IAS 19 'Employee Benefits' Amendments regarding plan amendments, curtailments or settlements.
- Amendments to IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' Amendments regarding long-term interests in an associate or joint venture that form part of the net investment in the associate or joint venture but to which the equity method is not applied.
- Amendments to IFRS 3, IFRS 11, IAS 12 and IAS 23 issued in the Annual January 01, 2019
- IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments': Clarifies the accounting treatment in relation to determination of taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12 'Income Taxes'.

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs

# New accounting standards / amendments and IFRS interpretations that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These standards, interpretations and amendments are either not relevant to the Bank's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Bank's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures:

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after

- Amendments to IFRS 3 'Business Combinations' - Amendments regarding the definition of business

January 01, 2020

 Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' and IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' - Amendments regarding the definition of material

January 01, 2020

- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

January 01, 2021

As per the State Bank of Pakistan's BPRD circular letter No. 4 dated October 23, 2019 the applicability of IFRS 9 to banks in Pakistan has been deffered to accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2021

- 2.2.1 Other than the aforesaid standards, interpretations and amendments, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:
  - IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
  - IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

# 2.3 Use of critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Bank's accounting policies. The Bank uses estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimate will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follow:

- i) Classification of investment.
- Provision against investments and non performing advances , depreciation of operating fixed assets
- iii) Valuation and impairment of available for sale securities
- iv) Useful life of property and equipment and valuation of right of use asset and lease liability
- v) Taxation

#### 3 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

## 3.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified for certain investments which are carried at fair values.

# 4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as disclosed in note 4.1 below.

# 4.1 Change in accounting policy

In current year, IFRS 16, Leases, became applicable to the Bank. IFRS 16 replaces existing guidance on accounting for leases, including IAS 17 'Leases', IFRIC 4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease', SIC-15 'Operating Leases - Incentives', and SIC-27 'Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease'. IFRS 16 introduces an on-balance sheet lease accounting model for leases entered into by the lessee. A lessee recognizes a right-of use asset representing its right of using the underlying asset and a corresponding lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments. Lessor accounting remains similar to the current standard i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as either finance or operating leases.

The Bank has adopted IFRS 16 from January 1, 2019, and has not restated comparatives for the 2018 reporting period, as permitted under the specific transitional provisions in the standard. Any adjustments to the carrying amounts of financial and operating leases at the date of transition were recognized in the opening retained earnings of the current period. Accordingly, the information presented for 2018 does not reflect the requirements of IFRS 16 and therefore is not comparable to the information presented for 2019 under IFRS 16. The comparative period notes disclosures repeat those disclosures made in the prior year.

The Bank has recognised liabilities in respect of leases which had previously been classified as operating leases under IAS 17, Leases. These liabilities are measured as the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the Bank's incremental weighted average borrowing rate of 11.84% per annum as at January 1, 2019.

On adoption of IFRS 16, the associated right-of-use assets were initially measured at the amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of prepaid lease payments recognised in the statement of financial position immediately before the date of initial application.

The Bank also applied the available practical expedients wherein it:

- -Used a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics.
- -Relied on its assessment of whether leases are onerous immediately before the date of initial application.
- -Excluded the initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application.

The effect of this change in accounting policy, which is applied with retrospective effect, is as follows:

	December 31, 2019 Rupees i	January 01, 2019 n '000
Total lease liability	122,388	123,137
The recognised right-of-use assets relate to the following type of asset:		
Property	121,102	136,622
The effect of this change in accounting policy is as follows:		
Impact on Statement of Financial Position		
Increase in fixed assets - right-of-use assets Decrease in other assets - advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments Increase in other assets - advance taxation Increase in total assets	121,102 (10,498) 4,124 114,728	136,622 (13,485) - 123,137
Increase in other liabilities - lease liability against right of use asset decrease in net assets	(122,388) (7,660)	(123,137)

Impact on Profit and loss account	For the year ended December 31, Rupees in '000'
Increase in mark-up expense - lease liability against right of use assets Decrease / (increase) in administrative expenses:	(14,919)
Rent expense	33,400
Depreciation on right of use asset	(30,265)
Decrease in profit after tax	(11,784)
Decrease in tax	
Decrease in profit after tax	4,124 (7,660)

Earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2019 are Rs 0.08 lower as a result of the adoption of IFRS 16.

# 4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash and balances with treasury banks, balances with other banks, call lendings and placements with financial institutions having maturities of three months or less.

#### 4.3 Investments

Investments are classified as follows:

#### Held for trading

These are securities included in a portfolio in which a pattern of short-term trading exists or which are acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in market prices or interest rate movements.

#### Held to maturity

These are securities with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the Bank has the positive intent and ability to hold till maturity.

# Available for sale

These are investments, other than investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, that do not fall under the held for trading or held-to-maturity categories.

# 4.3.1 Initial measurement

All purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by regulations or market convention are recognised at the trade date. The trade date is the date on which the Bank commits to purchase or sell the investment.

In the case of investments classified as held-for-trading, transaction costs are expensed through the profit and loss account. Transaction costs associated with investments other than those classified as held-for-trading are included in the cost of the investments.

# 4.3.2 Subsequent measurement

#### Held-for-trading

Investments classified as held-for-trading are subsequently measured at fair value. Any unrealised surplus / deficit arising on revaluation is taken to the profit and loss account.

# **Held-to-maturity**

Investments classified as held-to-maturity are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment recognised to reflect irrecoverable amounts.

# Available-for-sale

Listed securities if any, are classified as available-for-sale are subsequently measured at fair value. Any unrealised surplus / deficit arising on revaluation is recorded in the surplus / deficit on revaluation of securities account (shown as part of equity in statement of financial position) and is taken to the profit and loss account either when realised upon disposal or when the investment is considered to be impaired.

Unlisted equity securities, if any are carried at the lower of cost and break-up value. The break-up value is calculated with reference to the net assets of the investee Bank as per its latest available audited financial statements. Other unlisted securities are valued at cost less impairment, if any.

#### 4.4 Advances

Advances are stated net of provisions for non-performing advances. The Bank reviews its loan portfolio and debt securities classified as investments to assess the amount of non-performing loans and advances and debt securities and provision required there-against. While assessing this requirement various factors including the delinquency in the account, financial position of the borrower, the forced sale value of securities and requirements of the Prudential Regulations are considered. For portfolio impairment provision on consumer advances, the Bank follows the general provision requirement set out in Prudential Regulations.

The provisions against non-performing advances are charged to the profit and loss account. Advances are written off when there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

# 4.5 Capital work-in-progress, property and equipment, and depreciation

# Capital work-in-progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost.

#### Tangible assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less impairment losses and accumulated depreciation except for freehold land which is not depreciated.

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Kashmir Council of Government of AJK acquired and donated Core Banking Information System (Helios) to the Bank. This system is currently installed in certain branches. The Bank has initially recorded this system at nominal value, all subsequent maintenance charges are expense out.

## Depreciation / amortization

Depreciation / amortization is computed on monthly basis over the estimated useful live of the related assets on monthly basis. The cost of assets is depreciated / amortized on a straight line basis. Depreciation / amortization is charged for the full month of availability for use of an asset while no depreciation / amortization is charged in the month of disposal of an asset. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized. Gains and losses on disposal of operating fixed assets are taken to the profit and loss account.

In making estimates of the depreciation / amortization, the management uses useful life and residual value which reflects the pattern in which economic benefits are expected to be consumed by the Bank. The useful life and the residual value are reviewed at each financial year end and any change in these estimates in future years might effect the carrying amounts of the respective item of operating fixed assets with the corresponding effect on depreciation / amortization charge.

# 4.6 Right-of-use assets and their related lease liability

## 4.6.1 Right of-use assets

On initial recognition, right-of-use assets are measured at an amount equal to initial lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located.

Right-of-use assets are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation / accumulated impairment losses and are adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liability. The remeasurement of lease liability will only occur in cases where the terms of the lease are changed during the lease tenure.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over their expected useful lives using the straight-line method. Depreciation on additions (new leases) is charged from the month in which the leases are entered into. No depreciation is charged in the month in which the leases mature or are terminated.

# 4.6.2 Lease liability against right-of-use assets

The lease liabilities are initially measured as the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using theinterest rate implicit in the lease, or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Bank's incremental borrowing rate.

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The lease liability is also remeasured to reflect any reassessment or change in lease terms. These remeasurements of lease liabilities are recognised as adjustments to the carrying amount of related right-of-use assets after the date of initial recognition.

Each lease payment is allocated between a reduction of the liability and a finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the profit and loss account as markup expense over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

# 4.7 Impairment

The carrying amount of the Bank's assets are reviewed at the reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indications exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Impairment loss is recognized as expense in the profit and loss account. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### 4.8 Deposits

Deposits are initially recorded at the amount of proceeds received. Mark-up accrued on deposits is recognized separately as part of other liabilities and is charged to the profit and loss account on a time proportion basis.

#### 4.9 Taxation

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income or below equity, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income or below equity.

#### Current

Provision for current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable profit for the year using tax rates applicable at the date of statement of financial position and any adjustment to tax payable for previous years.

#### **Deferred**

Deferred tax is provided for by using the balance sheet liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amount used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the date of statement of financial position. A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the future taxable profit will be available and credits can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. Deferred tax, on revaluation of investments, if any, is recognized as an adjustment to surplus / (deficit) arising on such revaluation.

# 4.10 Staff retirement benefits

# **Gratuity scheme**

The Bank operates funded defined contributory gratuity scheme for all its permanent employees. Contributions are made by the Bank on monthly basis at the rate of one month last drawn basic pay for each completed year of service. However, no contribution will be made for those employees who are on deputation in the Bank or on extraordinary leave. Gratuity for service rendered during any part of the year shall be payable proportionately.

#### Provident fund

The Bank operates funded defined contributory provident fund scheme for all its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made by the Bank and the employees at the rate of 8.33% of basic pay.

# Leave encashment

The Bank provides compensated absences to all its employees. Provision for compensated absence is recognized based on the entitlement for leave encashment as per policy of the Bank.

# 4.11 Revenue recognition

Mark-up / interest on advances and return on investments is recognized on accrual basis except on classified advances and investments which is recognized on receipt basis. Mark-up / interest on rescheduled / restructured advances and investments is recognized as permitted by the regulations of the SBP, except where in the opinion of the management it would not be prudent to do so.

Fee, commission, etc. are recognized at the time of performance of service.

Dividend income is recognized when the Bank's right to receive the dividend is established.

# 4.12 Government grant

Government grant related to assets are reflected in the statement of financial position as deferred government grant which is recognized as income over the useful life of the depreciable assets equivalent to related depreciation charge.

Revenue grants are recognized as income necessary to match these grants with the related expenses incurred.

# 4.13 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to Pakistan Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are expressed in rupee terms at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of the statement of financial position.

#### 4.14 Provisions

Provisions other than provision on advances are recognized when the Bank has a present legal and constructive obligation arising as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

## 4.15 Off setting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and the net amount is reported in the financial statements when there is a legal enforceable right to set off and the Bank intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities, simultaneously.

# 4.16 Appropriations subsequent to the date of statement of financial position

Appropriations subsequent to year end are recognised during the year in which those appropriations are made.

## 4.17 Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Bank that is engaged in providing products or services (business segment) or in providing product or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Bank's primary format of reporting is based on business segments.

# 4.17.1 Business segment

## Retail banking

Retail banking segment provides retail lending and deposits, banking services, trust and estates, investment advice, merchant / commercial / corporate cards and private labels and retail.

## Commercial banking

Commercial banking segment provides services related to project finance, real estate, export finance, trade finance, factoring, leasing, lending, guarantees and bills of exchange to corporate customers.

# Payment and settlement

Payment and settlement includes income from payments and collections, funds transfer, clearing and settlement.

# Agency service

Agency service include escrow, depository receipts, securities lending (customers) corporate actions and issuing and paying agents.

# 4.17.2 Geographical segments

The Bank only operates in Azad Jammu and Kashmir.

## 4.18 Earning per share

The Bank presents earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

# 5 CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS

In hand
Local currency
With National Bank of Pakistan in
Local currency current account
Local currency deposit account - note 5.1
Local currency term deposit accounts - note 5.2

Prize bonds

120,859	118,620
25,232	30,449
99,580	95,234
2,760,000	2,060,000
2,884,812	2,185,683
-	1,284
3,005,671	2,305,587

- 5.1 This represents deposit accounts carrying markup ranging from 11.25% 11.40% (2018: 8% to 8.5%) per annum.
- 5.2 This represents term deposits carrying markup rates ranging from 12.25% to 13.9% (2018: 6.15% to 10.05%) per annum with maturities ranging from six months to one year.

6	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS	2019 Rupees in	2018 '000
	In Pakistan (Azad Jammu and Kashmir)		,
	In current account	130,061	50,696
	In deposit account - note 6.1 & 6.2	<b>7,178,446</b> 7	,050,376
		<b>7,308,507</b> 7	,101,072

- 6.1 This include deposit accounts carrying markup ranging from 11.25% 11.40% (2018: 8% to 8.5%) per annum.
- 6.2 This include term deposits carrying markup at rates ranging between 7.6% to 20% (2018: 6.08% to 19.84%) per annum. Term deposits have maturities ranging from 3 months to 5 years except a term deposit for an amount of Rs. 500 million placed with a bank maturing in 2029.

7	INVESTMENTS	7	201	9			20	18	
7.1	Investments by type	Cost/ amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value	Cost/ amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value
					Rι	pees in '000-			
	Available-for-sale securities Units of open ended mutual funds - note 7.5	205,000	-	(26,599)	178,401	205,000	, <u>-</u>	(29,131)	175,869
	Held-to-maturity securities							GE .	
	Term finance certificates - note 7.4	49,940	(49,940)	-	-	49,940	(49,940)	n 🖼	_
	Total Investments	254,940	(49,940)	(26,599)	178,401	254,940	(49,940)	(29,131)	175,869

			201	9			2	018	
7.2	Investments by segments	Cost/ amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value	Cost/ amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value
	Units of open ended mutual funds mutual funds - note 7.5 Non Government debt Securities Unlisted	205,000	-	(26,599)		es in '000 205,000		(29,131)	175,869
	Term finance certificate	49,940	(49,940)	-	-	49,940	(49,940)	-	<sub>20</sub> = "
	Total investments	254,940	(49,940)	(26,599)	178,401	254,940	(49,940)	(29,131)	175,869
7.3	Particulars of held to m	aturity inves	stment						
	No. of certifica		Name of company			ble value per	2019	2018	Credit
	2019	2018			(Rı	ipees)	Rupee	s in '000	rating
	10,000	10,000	Pace Pakist Limited	an	4	.994	49,940	49,940	, Un-rated
	non recovery of the balar							2019	2018
	Particulars of provision Opening balance Charge for the year		on in value	of investn	nents			2019 Rupees 49,940	
	Particulars of provision Opening balance		on in value	of investn	nents			Rupees	in '000
7.4.1	Particulars of provision Opening balance Charge for the year	for diminuti		of investn	nents	20 NPI	Provision	Rupees 49,940	49,940 - 49,940 18 Provision
7.4.1	Particulars of provision Opening balance Charge for the year Closing Balance Particulars of provision Category of classification	for diminuti		of investn	nents	20 NPI	Provision	49,940 - 49,940 20	49,940 - 49,940 18 Provision
7.4.1	Particulars of provision Opening balance Charge for the year Closing Balance Particulars of provision Category of classification	for diminuti against deb on	t securities e for sale se	ecurities is		20 NPI 49,940	Provision Rupee 49,940	49,940 49,940 20 NPI s in '000	49,940 - 49,940 18 Provision
7.4.1	Particulars of provision Opening balance Charge for the year Closing Balance Particulars of provision Category of classification Domestic Loss	for diminuti against deb on	t securities	ecurities is ) Market value (Rupees	s as follows	20 NPI 49,940	Provision Rupee 49,940	49,940 49,940 20 NPI s in '000 49,940 118 Market value (Rupees in	49,940 49,940 18 Provision 49,940 Market value per unit
7.4.1	Particulars of provision Opening balance Charge for the year Closing Balance Particulars of provision Category of classification Domestic Loss Details regarding Quality Units of open ended mutual funds	for diminuti against deb on y of availabl	t securities e for sale se 2019 Cost (Rupees	ecurities is ) Market value	s as follows Market value per	20 NPI 	ProvisionRupee 49,940  Cost (Rupees in	49,940 49,940 20 NPI s in '000 49,940	49,940 49,940 18 Provision 49,940 Market value per
7.4.1	Particulars of provision Opening balance Charge for the year Closing Balance Particulars of provision Category of classification Domestic Loss Details regarding Quality Units of open ended mutual funds National Investment Unit Trust Fund	for diminuti against deb on y of availabl	t securities e for sale se 2019 Cost (Rupees	ecurities is ) Market value (Rupees	s as follows Market value per	20 NPI 	ProvisionRupee 49,940  Cost (Rupees in	49,940 49,940 20 NPI s in '000 49,940 118 Market value (Rupees in	49,940 49,940 18 Provision 49,940 Market value per unit (Rupees)
7.4.1	Particulars of provision Opening balance Charge for the year Closing Balance  Particulars of provision Category of classification  Domestic Loss  Details regarding Quality  Units of open ended mutual funds National Investment Unit Trust Fund NIT Government Bond Fund	for diminuti against debon  y of available No. of units	e for sale se 2019 Cost (Rupees in '000)	ecurities is Market value (Rupees in '000)	Market value per unit (Rs)	20 NPI 	ProvisionRupee 49,940  Cost (Rupees in '000)	49,940 49,940 20 NPI s in '000 49,940 118 Market value (Rupees in '000)	49,940 49,940 18 Provision 49,940 Market value per unit (Rupees)
7.4.1	Particulars of provision Opening balance Charge for the year Closing Balance  Particulars of provision Category of classification  Domestic Loss  Details regarding Quality  Units of open ended mutual funds National Investment Unit Trust Fund NIT Government Bond Fund NIT Islamic Equity Fund	against debon  y of available  No. of units	e for sale se 2018 Cost (Rupees in '000)	ecurities is Market value (Rupees in '000)	Market value per unit (Rs)	20 NPI 49,940 s: No. of units	ProvisionRupee 49,940  Cost (Rupees in '000)	49,940  49,940  20  NPI s in '000 49,940  118  Market value (Rupees in '000)	49,940 49,940 18 Provision 49,940 Market value per unit (Rupees)
7.4.1	Particulars of provision Opening balance Charge for the year Closing Balance  Particulars of provision Category of classification  Domestic Loss  Details regarding Quality  Units of open ended mutual funds National Investment Unit Trust Fund NIT Government Bond Fund NIT Islamic Equity	against debon  y of available  No. of units  1,313,081 3,184,047	e for sale se 2015 Cost (Rupees in '000)	ecurities is Market value (Rupees in '000) 83,381 33,537	Market value per unit (Rs) 63.50 10.53	20 NPI 	ProvisionRupee 49,940  Cost (Rupees in '000)  100,000 30,000	49,940  49,940  20 NPI s in '000 49,940  18  Market value (Rupees in '000)  82,751 32,680	49,940 - 49,940 18 Provision 

	ADVANCES						
		Perfo		Non perf		Tot	
		2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
	Loans, cash credits,			Rupe	es in '000		
	running finances, etc.	1,993,166	1,936,543	215,620	252 600	2 200 700	0.400.000
	Advances - gross	1,993,166	1,936,543	215,620	252,690 252,690	2,208,786 2,208,786	2,189,233 2,189,233
	Provision against advances	.,,	1,000,010	210,020	202,000	2,200,700	2,109,23
	- Specific			(130,093)	(112 202)	(420,002)	(440.00)
	- General	(41,867)	(48,092)	(130,093)	(112,203)	(130,093) (41,867)	(112,203
		(41,867)	(48,092)	(130,093)	(112,203)	(171,960)	(48,092
	Advances - net of provision	1,951,299	1,888,451	85,527	140,487	2,036,826	2,028,938
			.,,,,,,,,,,,	00,021	140,407	2,000,020	2,020,930
3.1	Particulars of advances (Gross)		AL-			2019	2018
	• •					Rupees	
	In local currency					2,208,786	2,189,233
3.2	Advances include Rs. 215,620 thous	sand (2018: 2	52,690 thous	and) which ha	ave been pla	ced under nor	n-performin
	status as detailed below:-			,			Portorium
				201	9	201	8
	Category of classification		•	Non		Non	2
	catogory or olassinoation :			performing	Provision		Provision
				loans		loans	
					Rupee	s in '000	*********
	Domestic						
	Other Assets Especially Mentioned			4,986	_	37,792	
	Substandard			23,946	3,987	43,468	8,586
	Doubtful			15,681	5,092	17,936	7,706
	Loss			171,007	121,014	153,494	95,911
	Total			215,620	130,093	252,690	112,203
3.3	Particulars of provision against ac	dvances		· · ·			
	and a second sec	,	2019			2018	
	•	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
	•				in '000		Total
					7 - 2	B.	
	Opening balance	112,203	48,092	160,295	122,169	44,538	166,707
		40 072	-	48,673	21,397	3,554	24,951
	Charge for the year	48,673				7	(31,363)
	Charge for the year Reversals	(30,783)	(6,225)	(37,008)	(31,363)	- 1	
	,		(6,225) (6,225)	(37,008) 11,665	(31,363)	3,554	
	Reversals	(30,783) 17,890	(6,225)	11,665	(9,966)	3,554	
	,	(30,783)				3,554	(6,412
.3.1	Reversals	(30,783) 17,890	(6,225)	11,665	(9,966)	,	(6,412
3.3.1	Reversals  Closing balance	(30,783) 17,890	(6,225) 41,867	11,665	(9,966)	48,092	(6,412) 160,295
3.3.1	Closing balance Particulars of provision	(30,783) 17,890	(6,225)	11,665	(9,966)	,	(6,412)

130,093 130,093 41,867 41,867 171,960 171,960 112,203 112,203 48,092 48,092 160,295 160,295

In local currency

8.3.2 The net FSV benefit availed has been decreased by Rs 31.519 million, which has resulted in increased charge for specific provision for the year by Rs 18.010 million. Had the FSV benefit not decreased, before and after tax profit for the year would have been increased by Rs 18.010 million (2018: lower by Rs 7.624 million) and Rs 11.7065 million (2018: (lower by Rs 4.651 million) respectively. Further, at December 31, 2019, cumulative tax benefit availed for Forced Sale Value (FSV) was Rs 5.4 million (2018: Rs 2.97 million) under BSD circular No. 1 of 2011 dated October 21, 2011. Reserves and un-appropriated profit to that extent are not available for distribution by way of cash or stock dividend.

9	FIXED ASSETS	No.	te 2019	2018
			Rupees	in '000
	Capital work-in-progress	9.	1 932	1,234
	Property and equipment	9.2	2 237,949	128,961
0.4	0		238,881	130,195
9.1	Capital work-in-progress		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	This represents advance to suppliers in respect	of purchase of office equipment, co	mputers and furnitu	ıre.
			2019	2018
			Rupees	in '000
	Advances to supplier		932	1 234

The state of the s					2019				
46	Freehold land	Building on freehold land	Leasehold improvements	Furniture and fixture	Office equipment	Computers	Vehicles	Right of Use Asset	Total
At January 4, 2040				*	Rupees '000	)			
At January 1, 2019 Cost	40.400	44.40	40.000						
Accumulated depreciation	40,400	14,407	48,889	74,523	25,001	33,218	30,130	136,622	403,190
Net book value	40.400	(8,243)	(26,146)		(16,939)	(25,870)	(23,604)		(137,607)
Net book value	40,400	6,164	22,743	37,718	8,062	7,348	6,526	136,622	265,583
Year ended December 2019									
Opening net book value	40,400	6,164	22,743	37,718	8,062	7,348	6,526	136,622	265,583
Additions	-	-	4,790	4,060	3,537	1,504	-	14,744	28,635
Disposals					50° 4 S	,		,	,
Cost	=	(4)	· ·	(40)		_	_	31	(40)
Accumulated depreciation	_	-	_	40		_	_	-	40
Depreciation charge	-	(1,441)	(7,403)	(7,856)	(3,278)	(3,280)	(2,746)	(30,265)	(56,269)
Closing net book value	40,400	4,723	20,130	33,922	8,321	5,572	3,780	121,101	237,949
At December 31, 2019									
Cost	40,400	14,407	53,679	78,543	28,538	34,722	30,130	151,366	431,785
Accumulated depreciation	_	(9,684)	(33,549)	(44,621)	(20,217)	(29,150)	(26,350)	(30,265)	(193,836)
Net book value	40,400	4,723	20,130	33,922	8,321	5,572	3,780	121,101	237,949
Rate of depreciation	0	10	20	10-20	20	20	20		
					2018	9			
					1	T		I I	
	Free hold land	Building on freehold land	Leasehold improvements	Furniture and fixture	Office equipment	Computers	Vehicles	Right of Use Asset	Total
				Ru	pees '000				
At January 1, 2018	40.000					No. 25 No. Associate			
Cost	40,000	14,407	27,382	61,789	20,314	31,187	30,130	=	225,209
Accumulated depreciation	- 10.000	(6,802)	(20,519)	(31,858)	(13,742)	(21,802)	(20,512)	2 2	(115,235)
Net book value	40,000	7,605	6,863	29,931	6,572	9,385	9,618	-	109,974
Year ended December 2018									
Opening net book value	40,000	7,605	6,863	29,931	6,572	9,385	9,618		109,974
Additions	400	-	21,507	15,246	4,687	2,031	=		43,871
Disposals									
Cost	-	-	-	(2,512)		.=.	<u>.</u>	-	(2,512)
Accumulated depreciation	- ,,	- ,	-	2,417	-	-	-	-	2,417
Depreciation charge		(1,441)	(5,627)	(7,364)	(3,197)	(4,068)	(3,092)	-	(24,789)
Closing net book value	40,400	6,164	22,743	37,718	8,062	7,348	6,526	-	128,961
At December 31, 2018			*	y says and the says are says and the says ar					
Cost	40,400	14,407	48,889	74,523	25,001	33,218	30,130	_	266,568
Accumulated depreciation		(8,243)	(26,146)	(36,805)	(16,939)	(25,870)	(23,604)	-	(137,607)
Net book value	40,400	6,164	22,743	37,718	8,062	7,348	6,526	-	128,961
Rate of depreciation (percentage)	0	10	20	10-20	20	20	20	7	

- **9.2.1** Property and equipment includes cost of Rs. 5,485 thousand (2018: Rs. 5,485 thousand) and accumulated depreciation amounting to Rs. 5,485 thousand (2018: Rs. 5,485 thousand) in respect of assets donated by the Government of Azad Jammu and Kashmir.
- 9.3 The total cost of fixed assets of Rs. 266,568 thousand includes fixed assets of Rs.77,514 thousand having zero book value on which no depreciation was charged during the year.

# 9.4 Detail of disposals of operating fixed assets

Particulars of assets	cost	Accumulated depreciation	value	Sale proceeds
2019		Rupees	'000	
Furniture and fixture	40	40	) -	22
·	40	40	) -	22
2018				
Furniture and fixture	2,220	2,126	93	102
Carpet and blinds	292	291	1	2
	2,512	2,417	94	, 104
TI I C I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I				

The above fixed assets were disposed off through auction.

9.5 The cost of fully depreciated fixed assets that are still in the Bank's use is as follows:

			2019	2018
		8	'Rupees in	'000
Lease hold improvements			10,386	9,016
Furniture and Fixtures			17,183	11,647
Office Equipments	*		12,764	8,116
Computer Equipments			20,155	15,379
Vehicles			17,026	15,299
	g.		77,514	59,457

# 10 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

Deductible temporary differences on

- Deficit on revaluation of investments
- Accelerated tax depreciation
- Provision against non-performing advances

'classified in sub-standard category

Taxable temporary differences on -Provision against receivable from Kashmir Council

-Provision against customer claims

		2019	
At Recognised Recogonised January 1 in P&L A/C in OCI		At December 31 2019	
	R	upees in 000	
40.400		(200)	
10,196	-	(886)	9,310
5,738	2,592	-	8,330
			7
-		= "	, , <b>-</b>
			140 17
-	-	-	-
15,934	2,592	(886)	17,640
1,685	_	-	1,685
	(040)		
3,311	(210)		3,101
20,930	2,382	(886)	22,426

$\sim$	$\sim$	$\sim$	

				2010	
		At January 1 2018	Recognised in P&L A/C	Recogonised in OCI	At December 31 2018
	Poductible temporary differen			Rupees in 000	
	Deductible temporary differences on - Deficit on revaluation of investments	5.000		T	
		5,060	-	5,136	10,196
	<ul><li>Accelerated tax depreciation</li><li>Provision against non-performing</li></ul>	4,947	791	-	5,738
	advances				
	davanooo	-	× -	-	, =
	'classified in sub-standard category				
	and a carried of	10,007	791	5,136	15,934
	Taxable temporary differences on	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		0,100	10,004
	-Provision against receivable from				
	Kashmir Council	1,685			
	-Provision against customer claims	11,153	- (7,842)	-	1,685
	. To the left against sactoffier stairing				3,311
		22,845	(7,051)	5,136	20,930
				2019	2018
			Note	Rupees	
11	OTHER ASSETS			Rupeco	
	Income/ mark-up accrued in local currency -				
	provision		11.1, 11.2	752,590	609,382
	Advances, deposits, advance rent and other	r prepayment	S	1,254	14,803
	Advance taxation			2,706	
	Branch adjustment account			11,180	14,687
	Stationery and stamps in hand Others			1,926	4,200
	Others			10,782	10,494
	Less: Provision held against other assets		11.3	780,438	653,566
	go		11.3	(4,815)	(4,815)
	Other assets (net of provision) - total			775,623	648,751
11.1	This includes an amount of Rs. 1,520 thouse from a related party.				
11.2	This balance has been arrived at after adjus Rs. 64,490 thousand.	sting interest	in suspense a	account of Rs. 80,200	thousand (2018:
					Maria 9 50
11.3	Provision held against other assets		Note	2019	2018
1 33.5	. To the letter and a section assets		Note	Rupees in	1 '000
	Receivable from Kashmir Council		11.3.1	4,815	4,815
11.3.1	Movement in provision held against other	r assets			
	Opening balance			4,815	4,815
	Closing balance	5		4,815	4,815
12	BILLS PAYABLE		•		
	In Pakistan			21,148	19,582
			:	,	. 5,002

# 13 DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

			2019			2018	
		In local currency	In foreign currencies	Total	In local currency	In foreign currencies	Total
	Customan			Rupe	es in '000		
	Customers Current deposits	2,687,126		0.007.400	0.550.004		
	Savings deposit	5,934,385		2,687,126	2,558,831	-	2,558,831
	Term deposits	3,190,638	-	5,934,385	5,553,347	-	5,553,347
	Others	61,386	-	3,190,638 61,386	2,828,559		2,828,559
		11,873,535	-	11,873,535	122,466 11,063,203		122,466 11,063,203
						2019	2018
40.4	0					Rupees	
13.1	the same and the contract of t	posits					
	- Individuals			•		7,206,928	5,942,651
	- Government					4,542,797	5,068,975
	- Private Sector				-	123,810	51,577
	,				=	11,873,535	11,063,203
14	LEASE LIABILITIE	S AGAINST RI	GHT OF USE A	ASSETS			*
						0040	
						2019 Rupees	2018
	Lease liabilities inc	luded in the stat	tement of financ	cial position		Kupees	111 000
	as at December 31	, 2019				122,388	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	of which are:				_	-	-
	current lease liabilit	hv					
	Non current lease l					11,734	"
		iaomity			-	110,654 122,388	
	Maturity analysis - o	contractual undi	scounted cashf	lows	e .		x 2
	Less than one year					26,224	
	One to five years					119,805	
	More than five year	s				39,268	-
	Total undiscounted	lease liabilities	as at Decembe	r 31, 2019	_	185,297	-
4.5	07117	,			_		
15	OTHER LIABILITIE						
	Mark-up/ return/ inte	erest payable in	local currency	- note 15.1		219,687	82,339
	Accrued expenses					3,779	2,945
	Income tax payable					-	8,482
	Branch adjustment					, <del>-</del>	_
	Provision against of					16,264	15,000
	Provision against cu Leave encashment					8,861	9,461
						40,800	21,000
	Education cess					6,008	6,784
	Others					26,802	28,958
						322,201	174,969

<sup>15.1</sup> It includes an amount of Rs. 83,561 thousand (2018: Rs. 36,363 thousand) on account of interest payable to related parties (Government departments).

#### 16 SHARE CAPITAL

# 16.1 Authorized capital

2019	2018		2019	2018	
Number of shares			Rupees in '000		
		× ,	•		
1,000,000,000	200,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	10,000,000	2,000,000	

During the year, the Government has enhanced the authorized share capital of the Bank to Rs. 10 billion by amending the Bank of Azad Jammu and Kashmir Act, 2005.

# 16.2 Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital

2019	2018	,	2019	2018
Number of shares		Ordinary shares	Rupees in '000	
31,794,261 65,909,800	31,794,261	Fully paid in cash	317,942	317,942
5,015,200	56,571,700 5,015,200	Issued as bonus shares Issued for consideration other than cash	659,098 50,152	565,717
102,719,261	93,381,161		1,027,192	, 50,152 933,811

16.3 The Government of Azad Jammu and Kashmir and Behbood Fund and Group Insurance - Government autonomous body own 100% percent of ordinary shares of the Bank as on December 31, 2018 in proportion of 94% and 6% respectively.

# 16.4 Reconciliation of number of ordinary shares

	2019	2018	2019	2018
	Number o	of shares	Rupees i	n 000
Shares at the beginning of the year Right shares issued during the year	93,381,161	84,891,937	933,811	848,919
		-	(**************************************	-
Bonus shares issued during the year 16.5 Shares at the year end	9,338,113	8,489,224	93,381	84,892
	102,719,274	93,381,161	1,027,192	933,811

During the year the bank has issued bonus shares 9,338,113 (2018: 8,489,224) amounting to Rs. 93,381 thousand (2018: 84,892 thousand) to its shareholders.

17	DEFICIT ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS	Note	2019 Rupe	2018 es in '000
	<ul><li>Deficit on revaluation of:</li><li>Available for sale securities</li></ul>	7.1	(26,599)	(29,131)
	Deferred tax on deficit on revaluation of:		(==,===,	(=3,10.1)
	- Available for sale securities		9,310 (17,289)	10,196 (18,935)
18	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS		(17,209)	(10,933)
	Guarantees	18.1	36,076	16,779
	Commitments	18.2	336,245	298,080
	Bills for collection	18.3	9,564	52,342
			381,885	367,201

2019 Rupees	2018 in <b>000</b>
36,076	16,779
20,389	13,501

284,579

123,734

298,080

18.2.1 Due to adoption of IFRS 16 there is no commitment in respect of operating lease.

#### 18.3 Bills for collection

Loan sanctioned but not disbursed

Unavailed running finance

18.1

18.2

20

Guarantees

Commitments

Operating leases

Financial guarantees

18.3.1 9,564 52,342

315,856

336,245

18.2.1

18.3.1 Bills for collection represent bills drawn in favour of various financial institutions on behalf of the Bank's customers. These are accepted by the Bank as an agent and the Bank does not carry any credit risk in respect of these bills.

	2019	2018
ED Note	Rupees in	n 000
19.1	282.373	316,366
	_	13,230
	997,082	606,371
	1,279,455	935,967
		ED NoteRupees i

This includes an amount of Rs. 20,831 thousand ( 2018: Rs. 26,363 thousand ) on account of interest earned on advance given to a related party (Government department).

		2019	2018
	Note	Rupees	in '000
MARK-UP/ RETURN/ INTEREST EXPENSED On:			
Deposits	20.1	687,800	385,101
Lease liability on right of use asset	4.1	14,919	
		702,719	385,101

This includes an amount of Rs. 139,411 thousand ( 2018: Rs. 190,322 thousand ) on account of interest 20.1 expense on deposits received from related parties (Government departments).

9			2019	2018
21	FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME	Note	Rupees	in '000
	11 July Commission Modific			
	Branch banking customer fees		1,771	1,756
	Commission on cheques books		3,714	3,050
	Credit related fees		4,456	4,102
	Commission on guarantees		659	433
	Commission on remittances		435	725
	Commission on call deposit		e -	89
	Commission on utility bills		4,672	4,230
	Postage		417	458
	Others		110	156
			16,234	14,999

		Note	2019	2018
20	OTHER INCOME	Note	Rupees i	n 000
22	OTHER INCOME			
	Gain on sale of fixed assets-net		22	9
	Site visits and fee collection charges	_	3,029	2,742
		_	3,051	2,751
23	OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Total compensation expense	23.1	285,122	244,847
	Property expense			
	Rent & taxes		523	31,544
	Insurance		1,151	2,217
	Utilities cost		17,952	14,717
	Security (including guards)		23,853	23,852
	Repair & maintenance (including janitorial charges)		6,112	9,113
	Depreciation on right of use asset		30,265	e -
	Depreciation	L	8,337	7,068
	Information technology expenses		88,193	88,511
	200 100	-		
	Software maintenance		12,191	9,232
	Hardware maintenance Depreciation		1,595	1,386
	Network charges		6,501	7,080
	Notificial geo	L	5,288	5,563
	Other operating expenses		25,575	23,261
	Directors' fees and allowances	Γ	2,172	1,895
	Legal & professional charges	0	1,358	1,174
	Travelling & conveyance		8,059	6,638
	Depreciation	2	11,135	10,641
	Entertainment		8,344	7,930
	Training & development Postage & courier charges		1,905	1,223
	Communication		3,163	2,253
	Stationery & printing		3,865	3,533
	Marketing, advertisement & publicity	1	7,807 735	8,170 700
	Auditors remuneration	23.2	2,178	1,980
	Others		20,450	19,239
		<u></u>	71,171	65,376
			470,061	421,995
		_	_	
9			2019	2018
		-	Rupees ir	
23.1	Total compensation expense		·	
	Fees and Allowances etc		143,352	106,351
	Managerial Remuneration		140,002	100,331
	i) Fixed		4,693	29,390
	ii) Variable- cash bonus		17,263	15,278
	Contribution to defined contribution Plan		5,175	4,605
	Contribution to defined gratuity fund		10,679	8,276
	Rent & house maintenance		46,167	36,716
	Utilities		10,089	7,909
	Medical		11,505	9,367
	Conveyance	_	36,199	26,955
			285,122	244,847

			Note	2019 Rupees	2018 s in '000
23.2	Auditors' remuneration				
	Audit fee Out-of-pocket expenses			1,980 198	1,800 180
			*	2,178	1,980
24	PROVISIONS AND WRITE OFFS - NET		9		
	Charge / Reversal of provisions against loans & Reversal of provision against customers claims Insurance claims received	advances	8.3	11,665 - (3,000) 8,665	(6,412) (10,641) (5,000) (22,053)
25	TAXATION		;		
	Current Prior years	160		55,954 -	65,669 -
	Deferred			(2,382)	7,051
				53,572	72,720
25.1	Relationship between tax expense and account	unting pro	ofit 2019	20	10
		%	Rupees in '000'	20 <b>%</b>	Rupees in '000'
	Profit before taxation		125,401		172,613
	Applicable tax rate / expense	35%	43,890	35%	60,415
	Super tax Expense not allowed	4.6% 3.1%	5,739 3,943	4% 4%	6,735
	Other	-	-	-1%	6,568 (998)
	Actual tax rate / expense	43%	53,572	42%	72,720
	Total tax charge as per financial statements		53,572	_	72,720
26	BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	Ē		2019 Rupees	2018 s in '000
	Profit for the year			71,830	99,893
			-	2019	2018 Restated
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares (N	umber)	=	102,719,261	102,719,261
6	Basic and diluted earnings per share (Rupees)		=	0.70	0.97

# 27 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Cash and balance with treasury banks  Balance with other banks	245,671 1,599,630	495,587 3,425,972
		1,845,301	3,921,559
,		2019	2018
28	STAFF STRENGTH	Num	ber
	Permanent	214	222
	On Bank contract	173	168
	Bank's own staff strength at the end of the year	387	390
	Outsourced	152	149
	Total staff strength at the end of the year	539	539

# 29 STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS

# 29.1 Gratuity

The Bank contributed Rs. 10,679 thousand ( 2018: Rs. 8,276 thousand ) during the year towards employees gratuity fund.

#### 29.2 Provident fund

The Bank contributed Rs. 5,175 thousand ( 2018: Rs. 4,605 thousand ) during the year towards employees contributory provident fund.

# 30 COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

# 30.1 Total compensation expense

			2019	
	Dire	ectors		
ltem	Chairman	Non- Executives	President	Key management personnel
		Ru	pees in '000	
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration				2
i) Fixed	175	1,780	3,869	14,524
ii) Variable (bonus)	-		711	1,974
Contribution to defined contribution provident fund	-	-	-	545
Contribution to defined contribution gratuity fund	-	-	355	545
Rent & house maintenance	-	-	1,546	5,996
Utilities	-	-	176	1,332
Medical	-		110	1,332
Conveyance	-	<b>∅</b> (■)	930	2,130
Vehicle	-	*	-	3,532
Boarding & loading	-	-	85	-
Others (mobile charges, TA & DA)	-	217	809	1,057
Total	175	1,997	8,591	32,967
Number of Persons	1	7	1	9

Contribution to defined contribution provident fund Contribution to defined contribution gratuity fund

Fees and Allowances etc. Managerial Remuneration

ii) Variable ( Bonus)

Rent & house maintenance

Others (mobile charges, TA

i) Fixed

Utilities Medical

Vehicle

Total

Conveyance

Boarding & loading

Number of Persons

		2010		
Dire	ectors			
Chairman Non- Executives		President	Key management personnel	
	Rι	pees in '000		
-	-			
125	1,625	4,690	20161	
	2	711	2,131	
· -	,-	-	413	
-	-	391	454	
-	, <b>-</b>	2,234	2,453	
· -	_	214	545	
-	· -	103	545	

286

1,911

125

742

41

284

9,410

1,280

952

593

9

29,527

# 30.2 Remuneration paid to directors for participation in Board and Committee meetings

			2019	a		
	Meeting fees and allowances paid					
Name of director	For		For board c	ommittees		
Name of allector	board meetings	Board executive committee	Board audit committee	Board IT committee	Total amount paid	
			Rupees in	000'		
Mather Niaz Rana	175	· ·		-	175	
Abid Awan	125	25	-	75	225	
Fayaz Ali Abbasi	175	-	100	-	275	
	175	**************************************	100	75	350	
Syed Zahoor ul Hussain Gillani	25	, -		-	25	
Dr Shehla Waqar	50	-	-	50	100	
	200	50	100	-	350	
Raja Mumtaz Ali	100	-	75		175	
	175	-	-		175	
t e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	-			55	55	
	25	25	:=	-	50	
Total amount paid	1,225	100	375	255	1,955	
2018						
	Fayaz Ali Abbasi Ejaz Hussain Rathore Syed Zahoor ul Hussain Gillani Dr Shehla Waqar Fareed Ahmed Tarar Raja Mumtaz Ali Naveed Sadiq Khalid Rafique Muhammed Ahsan	Mather Niaz Rana 175 Abid Awan 125 Fayaz Ali Abbasi 175 Ejaz Hussain Rathore 175 Syed Zahoor ul Hussain Gillani 175 Dr Shehla Waqar 50 Fareed Ahmed Tarar 200 Raja Mumtaz Ali 100 Naveed Sadiq 175 Khalid Rafique 175 Muhammed Ahsan 25	Name of director         For board meetings         Board executive committee           Mather Niaz Rana         175         -           Abid Awan         125         25           Fayaz Ali Abbasi         175         -           Ejaz Hussain Rathore         175         -           Syed Zahoor ul Hussain Gillani         25         -           Dr Shehla Waqar         50         -           Fareed Ahmed Tarar         200         50           Raja Mumtaz Ali         100         -           Naveed Sadiq         175         -           Khalid Rafique         -         -           Muhammed Ahsan         25         25	Meeting fees and allow For board or board meetings           Mather Niaz Rana         175         - Rupees in Committee           Abid Awan         125         25         - 100           Fayaz Ali Abbasi         175         - 100         - 100           Ejaz Hussain Rathore         175         - 100         - 100           Syed Zahoor ul Hussain Gillani Dr Shehla Waqar         25         100         100           Fareed Ahmed Tarar         200         50         100           Raja Mumtaz Ali         100         - 75         - 75           Naveed Sadiq         175	Meeting fees and allowances paid           Name of director         For board board board meetings         Board executive committee         Board audit committee         Board IT committee           Mather Niaz Rana         175         -         -         -           Abid Awan         125         25         -         75           Fayaz Ali Abbasi         175         -         100         -           Ejaz Hussain Rathore         175         -         100         75           Syed Zahoor ul Hussain Gillani Dr Shehla Waqar         25         -         -         -           Dr Shehla Waqar         50         -         -         50           Fareed Ahmed Tarar         200         50         100         -           Raja Mumtaz Ali         100         -         75         -           Naveed Sadiq         175         -         -         -         -           Khalid Rafique         -         -         -         55           Muhammed Ahsan         25         25         -         -         -           Total amount paid         1,225         100         375         255	

		Meeting fees and allowances paid					
	Name of director	For board	For board committees				
		meetings	Board executive	Board audit	Board IT	Total amount	
			committee	committee	committee	paid	
	B. P. M.			Rupees in '(	000'		
7	Dr. Ijaz Munir	75	-		₩ **	75	
2	Mian Waheed ud din	50	-		-	50	
3	Fayaz Ali Abbasi	100	<u>=</u>	100	-	200	
4	Fareed Ahmed Tarar	125	100	100	-	325	
5	Syed Zahoor ul Hussain Gillani	100	-	-	75	175	
6	Dr Shehla Waqar	25	:: -	-	-	25	
7	Raja Tariq Masood	100	75	_	75	250	
8	Abid Awan	_	25	=	25	50	
9	Ejaz Hussain Rathore	75	E	75	100	250	
10	Raja Mumtaz Ali	125	=	100	-	225	
11	Naveed Sadiq	125	9	-	_	125	
	Total amount paid	900	200	375	275	1,750	

# 31 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value of quoted securities other than those classified as held to maturity, is based on quoted market price. Quoted securities classified as held to maturity are carried at cost. The fair value of unquoted equity securities, other than investments in associates and subsidiaries, is determined on the basis of the break-up value of these investments as per their latest available audited financial statements.

The fair value of unquoted debt securities, fixed term loans, other assets, other liabilities, fixed term deposits and borrowings cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to the absence of a current and active market for these assets and liabilities and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments.

# 31.1 Fair value of financial assets

The Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or
- Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Fair value measurements using input for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

	2019					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
On balance sheet financial instruments Financial assets - measured at fair value		Rupees	in '000	***************************************		
Investments Mutual funds	178,401	-	·	178,401		
	8	20	18			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
On balance sheet financial instruments		Rupees	in '000			
Financial assets - measured at fair value						
Investments Mutual funds	175,869	-	_	175,869		

#### 32 SEGMENT INFORMATION

# 32.1 Segment Details with respect to Business Activities

The segment analysis with respect to business activity is as follows:-

			2019		
Profit and loss	Retail Banking	Commercial Banking	Payment and Settlement	Agency Services	Total
			Rupees in '00	0	
Net mark-up/ return/ profit	209,486	367,249		-	576,735
Non mark-up / return / interest income	84	11,063	11,565	4,680	27,392
Total income	209,570	378,312	11,565	4,680	604,127
Segment direct expenses	(75,420)	(388,796)	(4,162)	(1,684)	(470,061)
Total expenses	(75,420)	(388,796)	(4,162)	(1,684)	(470,061)
Provisions charged / (reversal)	110	(8,775)	-		(8,665)
Profit before tax	134,260	(19,259)	7,403	2,996	125,402

24	Retail	Commercial	Payment		
Statement of financial position	Banking		and	Agency	Total
	Danking	Banking	Settlement	Services	
			Rupees in '00	0	
	-18			9.30 91.39	
Cash & bank balances	-	10,314,178			40 244 470
Investments		178,401	-	-	10,314,178
Advances - performing	4 400 570	5		-	178,401
- non-performing	1,488,570	504,596	. =	( <del>-</del>	1,993,166
	69,460	146,161	-	•	215,621
- provision	(97,784)	(74,175)		-	(171,960)
Operating fixed assets	36,830	199,196	2,032	822	238,881
Deferred tax asset	-	22,426	-	_	22,426
Others	3,038	772,350	168	68	775,623
Total assets	1,500,114	12,063,132	2,200	890	
Bills payable			2,200	030	13,566,336
	-	21,148	-	-	21,148
Deposits and other accounts	-	11,873,535	-	-	11,873,535
Lease liability against right of use asset	-	122,388	-	-	122,388
Others	11,346	310,480	368	6	322,200
Total liabilities	11,346	12,327,551	368	6	12,339,271
Equity	1,488,768	(264,420)	1,832	884	1,227,064
Total Equity and liabilities	1,500,114	12,063,132	2,200	890	
	1,000,114	12,000,102	2,200	090	13,566,336
Contingencies and commitments	13,390	250.024	0.701		
communents	13,390	358,931	9,564	-	381,885
			2018		
g and the second	Datail		Payment		
Profit and loss	Retail	Commercial	and	Agency	Total
5	Banking	Banking	Settlement	Services	Iotal
			-Rupees in '0		
			-ixupees iii o	JU	
Net mark-up/return/profit	215,382	335 494			FF0 000
Non mark-up / return / interest income	210,002	335,484	-		550,866
Total Income	- 045,000	6,808	10,648	4,233	21,689
	215,382	342,292	10,648	4,233	572,555
Segment direct expenses	(88,347)	(327,013)	(4,748)	(1,887)	(421,995)
Inter segment expense allocation	-	-	( .,)	(1,007)	(121,000)
Total expenses	(88,347)	(327,013)	(4,748)	(1,887)	(424.005)
Provisions charged / (reversal)	(22,345)	44,398	(4,740)	(1,007)	(421,995)
Profit before tax	104,690	59,677	- -	- 0.040	22,053
*	104,090	59,677	5,900	2,346	172,613
r					
Statement of financial activity	Retail	Commercial	Payment	Agency	0
Statement of financial position	Banking	Banking	and		Total
	Bariking	Danking	Settlement	Services	
<del>-</del>			Rupees in '00	0	<i>z</i>
Cash & bank balances	_	9,406,659			0.400.075
Investments	<del>-</del>		-	-	9,406,659
Advances - performing	1 222 222	175,869	-	-	175,869
	1,326,088	610,455	-	-	1,936,543
- non-performing	65,002	187,688	-	1 <del>-</del> 1	252,690
- provision	(116,098)	(44,197)	-	-	(160,295)
Operating fixed assets	27,196	100,959	1,461	581	130,197
Deferred tax asset		20,930	e	i <del>-</del>	20,930
Others	18,062	629,333	970	386	648,751
Total assets	1,320,250	11,087,696	2,431	967	12,411,344
Rills payable	,		۷, ٦٥١	301	
Bills payable	( <del>-</del> )	19,582	-	-	19,582
Deposits and other accounts	-	11,063,203	-	-	11,063,203
Others	10,492	164,453	17	8	174,970
Total liabilities	10,492	11,247,238	17	8	11,257,755
Equity	1,309,758	(159,542)	2,414	959	1,153,589
Total Equity and liabilities	1,320,250	11,087,696	2,431	967	12,411,344
	-,,	. 1,001,000	۷,٦٥١	301	14,411,044
Contingencies and Commitments	12,601	254 600	-		007.004
=	12,001	354,600		-	367,201

#### 33 TRUST ACTIVITIES

The Bank is not engaged in any significant trust activities.

# 34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operating decisions. The Government of Azad Jammu and Kashmir holds directly and indirectly Bank's entire share capital at the year end, therefore all of its departments are related parties of the Bank. Also the Bank has related party relationships with its directors, key management personnel, entities over which the directors are able to exercise significant influence.

The Banks enters into transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business and on substantially the same terms as for comparable transactions with person of similar standing. Contributions to and accruals in respect of staff retirement benefits and other benefit plans are made in accordance with the terms of the contribution plan. Remuneration to the executives / officers is determined in accordance with the terms of their appointment.

Details of balances due to / from related parties at the year end and transactions with them during the year are as follows:

	20	19	2018			
	Government of Azad Jammu & Key Kashmir and its related personnel department		Government of Azad Jammu & Kashmir and its related department	Key management personnel		
		Rupee:	s in '000			
Advances		•				
Opening balance Addition during the year Repaid during the year Closing balance	259,972 - (48,980) 210,992	45,707 (6,531) 39,176	305,624 - (45,652) 259,972	43,962 9,994 (8,249) 45,707		
Dravinian hald a sain at a d		30,		40,707		
Provision held against advances	-	-	* -	<del></del>		
Other Assets						
Interest / mark-up accrued	1,520	•	1,874			
Deposits and other accounts						
Opening balance Received/Withdrawal during the year Closing balance	5,068,975 (526,178) 4,542,797	10,840 (1,539) 9,301	4,650,389 418,586 5,068,975	5,915 4,925 10,840		
Other Liabilities						
Interest / mark-up payable	83,561	284	36,270	93		
Contingencies and Commitments						
Unavailed running finance	289,008	-	240,028	_		
Transactions during the year				```		
Income						
Mark-up / return / interest earned	20,831	2,175	23,954	2,409		
Expense				2		
Mark-up / return / interest paid	139,411	241	190,156	166		

10,658,463

6,585,866

162%

9,979,049

5,408,918

184%

	2019	2010		
CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS	Rupees in '000			
Minimum capital requirement (MCR)				
Paid-up capital (net of losses)	10,000,000	10,000,000		
Capital adequacy ratio (CAR)				
Elicible common and the live of (OFT 4)				
Eligible common equity tier 1 (CET 1) capital  Eligible additional tier 1 (ADT 1) capital	1,244,353	1,172,523		
Total regulatory adjustment applied to CET1	-	-		
Total eligible Tier 1 capital	(17,289)	(18,935)		
Eligible tier 2 capital	1,227,063	1,153,588		
Total eligible capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2)	41,867 1,268,930	48,092 1,201,680		
Risk weighted assets (RWAs):				
Credit risk	4,930,823	4,647,890		
Market risk	356,802	351,738		
Operational risk	1,062,033	1,000,989		
Total	6,349,658	6,000,617		
Common equity tier 1 capital adequacy ratio	19.60%	19.54%		
Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio	19.32%	19.22%		
Total capital adequacy ratio	19.98%	20.03%		
Leverage ratio (LR)				
Eligible tier-1 capital	1,227,063	1,153,588		
Total exposures	2,251,303	2,221,586		
Leverage ratio	55%	52%		
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR)				
Total high quality liquid assets	10,314,178	9,406,659		
Total net cash outflow	2,950,470	3,635,102		
Liquidity coverage ratio	350%	259%		

35

Net stable funding ratio (NSFR)

Total available stable funding

Total required stable funding

Net stable funding ratio

#### 36 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Bank's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including the credit and interest rate risk associated with various financial assets and liabilities respectively.

The Bank finances its operations through equity, deposits and management of working capital with a view to maintaining a reasonable mix between the various sources of finance to minimize risk.

Taken as a whole, risk arising from the Bank's financial instruments is limited as there is no significant exposure to market risk in respect of such instruments. Bank regularly reviews and updates policy manuals and procedures in accordance with domestic regulatory environment and international standards.

#### 36.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that an obligor is either unwilling to perform on an obligation or its ability is impaired resulting in economic loss to the Bank. The Bank takes necessary measures to control such risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific counter parties with increased likelihood of default and continually assessing the creditworthiness of counter parties.

#### 36.1.1 Investment in debt securities

industry sector

Credit risk by industry sector						
	Gross inve	stments	Non-performing		Provision held	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
			Rupee:	s in '000		
Government bonds		-	*	-	-	٠.
Construction- TFC	49,940	49,940	(49,940)	(49,940)	(49,940)	(49,940)
	49,940	49,940	(49,940)	(49,940)	(49,940)	(49,940)
Credit risk by public / private sector	Gross ad	vances	Non-perfo	•	Provision	n held
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
			Rupees	s in '000		
Public	-	=	-	-,:	, .	-
Private	49,940	49,940	(49,940)	(49,940)	(49,940)	(49,940)
	49,940	49,940	(49,940)	(49,940)	(49,940)	(49,940)
Advances						

#### 36.1.2 Advances

# Credit risk by industry sector

Gross advances		Non-performing advances		Provision held	
2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
		Rupee	s in '000		
98,217	148,509	70,249	81,131	38,008	26,041
383,288	370,519	92,778	106,557	46,553	48,154
1,516,289	1,410,233	52,593	65,002	41,375	38,008
210,992	259,972	-	_	=	
2,208,786	2,189,233	215,620	252,690	125,936	112,203
	98,217 383,288 1,516,289 210,992	2019 2018 98,217 148,509 383,288 370,519 1,516,289 1,410,233 210,992 259,972	98,217 148,509 70,249  383,288 370,519 92,778 1,516,289 1,410,233 52,593 210,992 259,972 -	2019         2018         2019         2018	2019         2018         2019         2018         2019

Credit risk by public / private sector	Gross inv	estments	Non-perfo	-	Provision	n held
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
			Rupee	s in '000		
Public/ Government	210,992	259,972	-	-	y <del>=</del> ;	-
Private	1,997,794	1,929,261	215,620	252,690	130,093	112,203
	2,208,786	2,189,233	215,620	252,690	130,093	112,203

# 36.1.3 Contingencies and Commitments

Credit risk by industry sector	2019	2018
₩	Rupee	s '000
Wholesale and Retail Trade	53,137	45,451
Individuals	39,740	29,380
Others	289,008	240,028
	381,885	314,859
Credit risk by public / private sector		
Public/ Government	289,008	240,028
Private	92,877	74,831
	381,885	314,859

#### 36.1.4 Concentration of Advances

The bank top 10 exposures on the basis of total (funded and non-funded exposures) aggregated to Rs 437,066 thousand (2018: Rs. 436,309 thousand) are as following:

	2019	2018
	Rupees i	in '000
Funded	400,990	419,530
Non funded	36,076	16,779
Total exposure	437,066	436,309

The sanctioned limits against these top 10 exposures aggregated to Rs 695,500 thousand (2018: Rs. 667,500 thousand)

Total funded classified therein	20	19	20	18
	Amount	Provision held	Amount	Provision held
		Rupees	in '000	
Substandard		-	-	_
Doubtful	-		-	-
Loss	52,448	10,442	52,448	6,408
Total	52,448	10,442	52,448	6,408

# 36.1.5 Advances - Province/Region-wise Disbursement & Utilization

Total amount of disbursement and utilization is in Azad Jammu and Kashmir of Rs. 1,443,654 thousands (2018: 371,723 thousands)

#### 36.2 Market Risk

Market Risk is the risk of loss in earnings and capital due to adverse changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices and market conditions. Thus market risk can be further described into Interest Rate Risk, Foreign Exchange Risk and Equity Position Risk.

# 36.2.1 Balance sheet split by trading and banking books

	**	2019	7		2018	
	Banking book	Trading book	Total	Banking book	Trading book	Total
			Rup	ees in '000		
Cash and balances with treasury ba	3,005,671	=	3,005,671	2,305,587	-	2,305,587
Balances with other banks	7,308,507	-	7,308,507	7,101,072	-	7,101,072
Investments	-	178,401	178,401	-	175,869	175,869
Advances	2,036,826	=	2,036,826	2,028,938	i <del>-</del>	2,028,938
Fixed assets	238,881	=	238,881	130,195	-	130,195
Deferred tax assets	22,426	=	22,426	20,930		20,930
Other assets	775,623	_	775,623	648,751	a w	648,751
	13,387,934	178,401	13,566,335	12,235,473	175,869	12,411,342

# 36.2.2 Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk / currency risk is defined as risk of loss to earnings and capital arising from adverse movements in currency exchange rates. The Bank is not exposed to the foreign exchange risk since all the Bank's assets and liabilities are held in the local currency i.e. Pak Rupees.

# 36.2.3 Equity position Risk

It is the risk of loss to earnings or capital as a result from unfavorable fluctuations in prices of securities in which the Bank takes long and / or short positions, in its trading book.

ALCO is responsible for making investment decisions in the capital market and setting limits that are a component of the risk management framework. Portfolio limits are assigned by the ALCO to guard against concentration risk and these limits are reviewed and revised periodically. Limit monitoring is done on daily basis. Limit breaches if any are promptly reported to ALCO with proper reason and justification.

20	19	2018						
Banking book	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book					
		000' ai ac						

Impact of 5% change in equity prices on

- Other comprehensive income

8,920 - 8,793

#### 36.2.4 Yield / Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB)-Basel II Specific

Yield curve risk is the risk that a financial instrument will suffer either a decline because future changes in prevailing interest rates impact assets more or less than they impact liabilities. Risk is addressed by ALCO that reviews the interest rate dynamics at regular intervals and decides re-pricing of assets and liabilities to ensure that the spread of the Bank remains at an acceptable level.

Yield/ Interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet instruments is based on the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on settlement date. This also refers to the non-trading market risk. Apart from the gap analysis between the market rate sensitive assets and liabilities as per the table given below:-

- The nature of IRRBB and key assumptions, including assumptions regarding loan repayments and behavior of non-maturity deposits, and frequency of IRRBB measurements
- The increase (decline) in earnings or economic value ( or any other relevant measures used by management) for upward and downward shocks according to management's method for measuring IRRBB, broken down by currencies (if any, and than translated into Rupees)

20	019	2018							
Banking	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book						
book		W.	5 1 4						
	Rupe	ees in '000							
(5,525)	1. %	(4,302)							
	(1,784)	-	(1,759)						

Impact of 1% change in interest rates on

- Profit and loss account
- Other comprehensive income

#### 36.2.5 Mismatch of Interest Rate Sensitive Assets and Liabilities

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet instruments is based on the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on settlement date.

			155.00			2019						
	Effective	Total				Exposed	to Yield/ Inte	rest risk			*	Non-interest
	Yield/			Over 1	Over 3	Over 6	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 5	· ·	bearing
	Interest		Upto 1	to 3	to 6	Months to 1	to 2	to 3	to 5	to 10	Above	financial
	rate		Month	Months	Months	Year	Years	Years	Years	Years	10 Years	instruments
On-balance sheet financial						Rupe	es in '000					
instruments												
<u>Assets</u>												
Cash and balances with treasury												
banks	9.10%	3,005,671	124,812	-	250,000	2,510,000	=	-	<del>-</del> 3		-	120,859
Balances with other banks	10.26%	7,308,507	741,454	792,785	1,666,090	2,828,118	350,000	-	300,000	500,000	-	130,061
Investments	4.61%	178,401	_	-	=	E	₩.	-	° <del>-</del>	(9)	•	178,401
Advances	13.0%	2,036,826	448,509	52,272	105,911	255,042	183,925	287,308	689,878	13,981	-	-
Other assets	_	774,369	_	-	-	TE .	-1	-		N. =	-	774,369
		13,303,774	1,314,775	845,057	2,022,001	5,593,160	533,925	287,308	989,878	513,981	-	1,203,690
<u>Liabilities</u>	_											
Bills payable		21,148		21,148	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,148
Deposits and other accounts	6.25%	11,873,535	1,511,174	2,606,039	3,291,638	1,577,765	79,669	84,200	41,254	500		2,681,296
liability against right of use asset	1	122,388							122,388			
Other liabilities		322,201	- 1	-		-	-	=	-	٠.	-	322,201
	10.	12,339,272	1,511,174	2,627,187	3,291,638	1,577,765	79,669	84,200	163,642	500	-	3,024,645
On-balance sheet gap	_	964,501	(196,399)	(1,782,130)	(1,269,637)	4,015,395	454,256	203,108	826,236	513,481	<b>.</b>	(1,820,956)
Off-balance sheet financial instrun	nents										54	
Commitments to extend credit		336,245	336,245	· ·	_	-	_	-	_"	-	_ ~	* //
Off-balance sheet gap	<u>-</u>	336,245	336,245	-		-1	-	-	-	-		-
Total Yield/Interest Risk Sensiti	vity Gap	20-042-97-00-	(532,644)	(1,782,130)	(1,269,637)	4,015,395	454,256	203,108	826,236	513,481	i <del>.</del>	(1,820,956)
Cumulative Yield/Interest Risk S	Sensitivity (	- Gap	(532,644)	(2,314,775)	(3,584,412)	430,983	885,239	1,088,347	1,914,583	2,428,064	2,428,064	(1,820,956)
		=										

					-	2018			2			
	fective	Total _				Exposed	I to Yield/ Inter	rest risk				-
Y	'ield/			Over 1	Over 3	Over 6	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 5		- Nan interest
• · Int	terest		Upto 1	to 3	to 6	Months to 1	to 2	to 3	to 5	to 10	Above	Non-interest bearing financial
r.	rate		Month	Months	Months	Year	Years	Years	Years	Years	10 Years	instruments
	40,											instruments
							Rupees in '	000				
On-balance sheet financial instrume	ents											
<u>Assets</u>												
Cash and balances with treasury b 6.5	59%	2,305,587	2,186,967	-	_			_	7 <u>,a</u>	_	_	118,620
Balances with other banks 7.4	44%	7,101,072	747,412	2,672,421	1,929,270	1,051,273	-	50,000	300,000	300,000		50,696
Investments 6.1	13%	175,869	-	=	-	-	1=	-	-	-	_	175,869
Advances 13.	.51%	2,028,938	479,081	40,305	37,446	289,812	442,992	316,372	420,652	2,278	9 5 I <u>L</u>	-
Other assets		633,948	-	_	12	=	-	-	_	_,	-	633,948
		12,245,414	3,413,460	2,712,726	1,966,716	1,341,085	442,992	366,372	720,652	302,278	_	979,133
<u>Liabilities</u>												0.000
Bills payable		19,582	-	-	-		- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	-	19,582
Deposits and other accounts 3.6	69%	11,063,203	1,839,320	2,322,431	2,217,431	1,865,598	137,127	-	-	-	_	2,681,296
Other liabilities		174,969	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	174,969
	-	11,257,754	1,839,320	2,322,431	2,217,431	1,865,598	137,127	-	-	Haraconina a	-	2,875,847
On-balance sheet gap	_	987,660	1,574,140	390,295	(250,715)	(524,513)	305,865	366,372	720,652	302,278	-	(1,896,714)
0".1.	***											
Off-balance sheet financial instrume	ents	1000 1000	12/010 - 010 0									
Commitments to extend credit		298,080	298,080		-		~	-	≦.	-	-	-
Total Yield/Interest Risk Sensitivity G	Gap		1,276,060	390,295	(250,715)	(524,513)	305,865	366,372	720,652	302,278	_ 4:	(1,896,714)
Cumulative Yield/Interest Risk Sensit	itivity G	ар	1,276,060	1,666,355	1,415,640	891,126	1,196,991	1,563,363	2,284,015	2,586,293	2,586,293	(1,896,714)

Yield Risk is the risk of decline in earnings due to adverse movement of the yield curve. Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest

#### 36.2.6 Reconciliation of assets and liabilities exposed to yield / interest rate risk with total assets and liabilities

	2019	2018		2019	2018
	Rupees	in '000		Rupees	s in '000
Reconciliation of total assets			Reconciliation of total liabilities	•	
Total financial assets Add: Non financial assets	13,303,774	12,245,414	financial Add: Non financial liabilities	12,339,272	11,257,754
Operating fixed assets Other assets Deferred tax asset	238,881 1,254 22,426	130,195 14,803 20,930	Deferred tax liabilities Deferred govt. grant	-	
	262,561	165,928	Balance as per balance sheet	12,339,272	11,257,754
Balance as per balance sheet	13,566,335	12,411,342			

#### 36.3 Operational Risk

Operational Risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and system or from external events

The Bank's operational risk management framework, as laid down in the operational risk policy, duly approved by BOD, is flexible enough to implement in stages and permits the overall risk management approach to evolve in the light of organizational learning and the future needs of the Bank. Operational loss events are reviewed and appropriate corrective actions taken on an ongoing basis, including measures to improve control procedures with respect to design and operative effectiveness.

#### 36.3.1 Operational Risk-Disclosures Basel II Specific

The banks / DFIs are required to make disclosure of reasons for using the approaches to assess the capital charge for operational risk The details of losses arising from the perspective of operational risk definition should also be indicated along with the measures taken to improve the processes.

#### 36.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity Risk is the potential for loss to an institution arising from either its inability to meet its obligations or to fund increase in assets as they fall due without incurring unacceptable cost or losses.

#### 36.4.1 Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - based on contractual maturity of the assets and liabilities of the Bank

								2019							
	Total	Upto 1 Day	Over 1 to 7 days	Over 7 to 14 days	Over 14 days to 1 Month	Over 1 to 2 Months	Over 2 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 to 9 Months	Over 9 months to 1 year		Over 2 to 3 years	Years	Over 5 Years	
-							Ru <sub>l</sub>	oees in '000							
Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other	3,005,671 7,308,507	7,925 24,967	55,475 174,767	55,474 174,767	126,798 399,468	412,650	412,650	250,000 1,698,605	1,255,000	1,255,000	350,000	-	- 200 000	-	
banks		24,307	174,707	174,707	333,400	412,030	412,630	1,030,003	1,430,317	10	350,000	-	300,000	500,000	
Investments	178,401	-	-		-	•**	=	-	89,201	89,201	-		-	-	
Advances	2,036,826	14,468	101,276	101,276	231,489	26,136	26,136	105,911	127,521	127,521	183,925	287,308	689,878	13,981	
Fixed assets	238,881	33	233	233	532	1,030	1,030	5,052	4,120	4,120	16,481	20,601	132,063	53,354	
Deferred tax assets	22,426	• •	-	-		i <del>-</del>	-	-	11,213	11,213	-	٠.	-		
Other assets	775,623	6,593	46,153	46,153	105,494	21,588	21,588	79,286	97,799	97,799	2,038	-	227,845	23,288	
	13,566,335	53,986	377,904	377,904	863,780	461,403	461,403	2,138,854	3,015,170	3,015,170	552,444	307,909	1,349,786	590,623	
Liabilities															
Bills payable	21,148	-	- 1	-	-	10,574	10,574	-	-	-	- ,	-	-	-	
Deposits and other accounts	11,873,535	70,371	492,596	492,596	1,125,934	1,638,182	1,638,182	3,961,962	1,124,045	1,124,045	79,669	84,200	41,254	500	
Liability against right of use asset	122,388									а			122,388		
Other liabilities	322,201	6,490	45,428	45,428	103,835	22,224	22,224	15,517	10,127	10,127	-	- "	-	40,800	
	12,339,272	76,861	538,024	538,024	1,229,770	1,670,980	1,670,980	3,977,479	1,134,172	1,134,172	79,669	84,200	163,642	41,300	
Net assets	1,227,063	(22,874)	(160,120)	(160,121)	(365,990)	(1,209,577)	(1,209,577)	(1,838,625)	1,880,998	1,880,998	472,775	223,709	1,186,144	549,323	
Share capital Reserves	1,027,192 -							-		e			5		
Unappropriated profit	217,161														
Deficit on revaluation of assets	(17,289)		0												
	1,227,063														

•								2018						
	Total	Upto 1 Day	Over 1 to 7 days	Over 7 to 14 days	Over 14 days to 1 Month	Over 1 to 2 Months	Over 2 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 to 9 Months	Over 9 months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years
							Runees	in '000	Sherre as	***************************************				
Assets							rapees	000						
Cash and balances with treasury banks	2,305,587	74,374	520,616	520,616	1,189,980	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Balances with other banks	7,101,072	24,519	171,632	171,632	392,303	1,342,548	1,342,548	1,941,944	531,973	531,973	-	50,000	300,000	300,000
Investments	175,869	-	-	-	i <del>.</del>	-	-	-	87,935	87,935	-	-		
Advances	2,028,938	15,454	108,180	108,180	247,268	20,153	20,153	37,446	144,906	144,906	442,992	316,372	420,652	2,278
Fixed assets	130,195	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,234	12,395	12,395	24,003	16,442	21,796	41,933
Deferred tax assets	20,930	-	-	-	-	Е	-	-	10,465	10,465	-	_	_	_ *
Other assets	648,751	4,028	28,196	28,196	64,447	46,060	46,060	86,323	20,254	20,254	4,272	6,633	669	293,360
	12,411,342	118,375	828,624	828,624	1,893,998	1,408,760	1,408,760	2,066,947	807,927	807,927	471,267	389,447	743,117	637,571
Liabilities														
Bills payable	19,582	632	4,422	4,422	10,106	-	7	-	· -	-	-	-	4	=
Deposits and other accounts	11,063,203	80,956	566,694	566,694	1,295,300	1,496,378	1,496,378	2,887,755	1,267,961	1,267,961	137,127	- n	-	-
Other liabilities	174,969	3,401	23,821	23,821	54,448	7,861	7,861	11,854	10,451	10,451	-	-	×	21,000
	11,257,754	84,989	594,937	594,937	1,359,855	1,504,239	1,504,239	2,899,609	1,278,412	1,278,412	137,127	-	-	21,000
Net assets	1,153,588	33,386	233,687	233,687	534,143	(95,479)	(95,479)	(832,662)	(470,485)	(470,485)	334,140	389,447	743,117	616,571
	80 h THE STREET					1				73808038F-8				
Share capital	933,811													
Reserves														

Unappropriated profit

Deficit on revaluation

of assets

238,712

(18,935)

1,153,588

				2		19				
46	Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Years	Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years
Assets					Rupe	es in '000				
Cash and balances with treasury banks	3,005,671	245,671	-	250,000	2,510,000	_	Ι -	_	-	_
Balances with other banks	7,308,507	773,969	825,300	1,698,605	2,860,633	350,000	_	300,000	500,000	_
Investments	178,401	-	_	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	178,401	-	_	-	000,000	
Advances	2,036,826	448,509	52,272	105,911	255,042	183,925	287,308	689,878	13,981	
Fixed assets	238,881	1,030	2,060	5,052	8,240	16,481	20,601	132,063	12,954	40,400
Deferred tax assets	22,426	1,000	2,000	3,032	22,426	10,401	20,601	132,003	12,954	40,400
Other assets	775,623	204 204	42 175	70 206		2 020	-	227 045	22 200	-
Other assets		204,394	43,175	79,286	195,597	2,038	-	227,845	23,288	
Listings	13,566,335	1,673,573	922,807	2,138,854	6,030,339	552,444	307,909	1,349,786	550,223	40,400
Liabilities							·			
Bills payable	21,148		21,148	-	- 1	-	-	·-		-
Deposits and other accounts	11,873,535	2,181,498	3,276,363	3,961,962	2,248,089	79,669	84,200	41,254	500	-
Lease liability against right of use asset	122,388							122,388		
Other liabilities	322,201	201,181	44,448	15,517	20,254	-		-	y=	40,800
	12,339,272	2,382,679	3,341,959	3,977,479	2,268,343	79,669	84,200	163,642	500	40,800
Net assets	1,227,063	(709,106)	(2,419,152)	(1,838,625)	3,761,996	472,775	223,709	1,186,144	549,723	(400)
Share capital	1,027,192								4	
Reserves	.,,									
Unappropriated profit	217,161					1				*
Deficit on revaluation of assets	(17,289)									
Donot on Tovalaction of accosts	1,227,063					9				
					20	18				
		0.000	0	0040	Over 6			0 0 5	0	
	Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years
					N 2.400	Rupees in '000	)			
Assets	2									
Cash and balances with treasury banks	2,305,587	2,305,587	-	-	-	-			-	-
Balances with other banks	7,101,072	760,086	2,685,095	1,941,944	1,063,947	-	50,000	300,000	300,000	-
Investments	175,869	- E	₩.,	=	175,869	-	-	-	-	-
Advances	2,028,938	479,081	40,305	37,446	289,812	442,992	316,372	420,652	2,278	-
Fixed assets	130,195	_=		1,234	24,789	24,003	16,442	21,796	1,533	40,400
Deferred tax assets	20,930	-	-	-	20,930	-	1-	-	~ -	-
Other assets	648,751	124,867	92,119	86,323	40,508	4,272	6,633	669	293,360	-1
Liabilities	12,411,342	3,669,621	2,817,519	2,066,947	1,615,855	471,267	389,447	743,117	597,171	40,400
Bills payable	19,582	19,582								
Deposits and other accounts	11,063,203	2,509,644	2,992,755	2,887,755	2 525 022	127 127	-	-	-	
Other liabilities	174,969	105,494	15,721	11,854	2,535,922 20,901	137,127	-	-	-	24 000
Other habilities	11,257,754	2,634,720	3,008,476	2,899,609	2,556,823	137,127				21,000
Net assets	1,153,588	1,034,902	(190,957)	(832,662)	(940,968)	334,140	389,447	743,117	597,171	21,000 19,400
Share capital	933,811									
Reserves	-									
Unappropriated profit	238,712									
Deficit on revaluation of assets	(18,935)									
	1,153,588									

#### 37 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

37.1 The Board of Directors in its meeting held on May 12, 2020 have announced a bonus issue/cash dividend of 10% percent (2018: bonus issue at the rate of 10%). The appropriation will be approved in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 do not include the effect of the appropriation which will be accounted for in the financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2020.

37.2

The management is closely watching developments related to Covid-19 / Corona Virus and evaluating the extent to which this may affect Bank's operations in the short terms and in long term. With high level of uncertainty surrounding the situation and potential additional initiatives by authorities and customers, it is difficult to predict the financial impact that said situation may have on the Bank, if any. To date, there is no impairment to the assets of the Bank, and no material financial difficulty has been faced. The Bank has closed first quarter of 2020 in profit. The management believes that Bank will be able to address the challenges posed by Covid-19 through observing the code of conduct announced by the health authorities, increased focus on customers, proactive cost control measures and shareholders support, where required. The management further believes that no adjustments or provisions in the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 are required due to Covid-19 phenomena. Based on this and the Bank's performance to date, management concludes that going concern assumption of the Bank is appropriate.

#### 38 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees, unless otherwise specified.

#### 39 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Bank on ------

President

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Dim of